

Analyse et conception

Cours de 1^e année ingénieur

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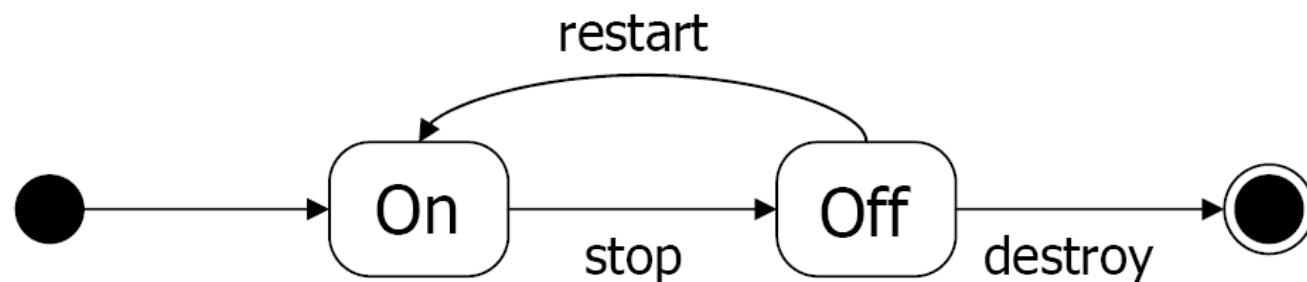
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UML State Machines

- Un type de diagrammes de comportement
 - Behavioral state machines
 - Protocol state machines
- Peut être associé à un classifier UML (classe, interface, composant, use case,...)
- Issus des Statecharts de Harel
 - David Harel. Statecharts : A Visual Formalism for Complex Systems. Science of Computer Programming, 8(3) :231–274, June 1987.
- *statecharts = state-diagrams + depth + orthogonality + broadcast-communication*

state-diagrams

Automate fini simple

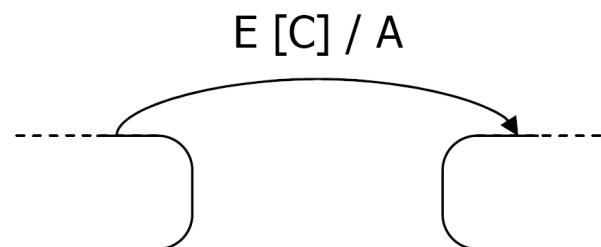


Transition

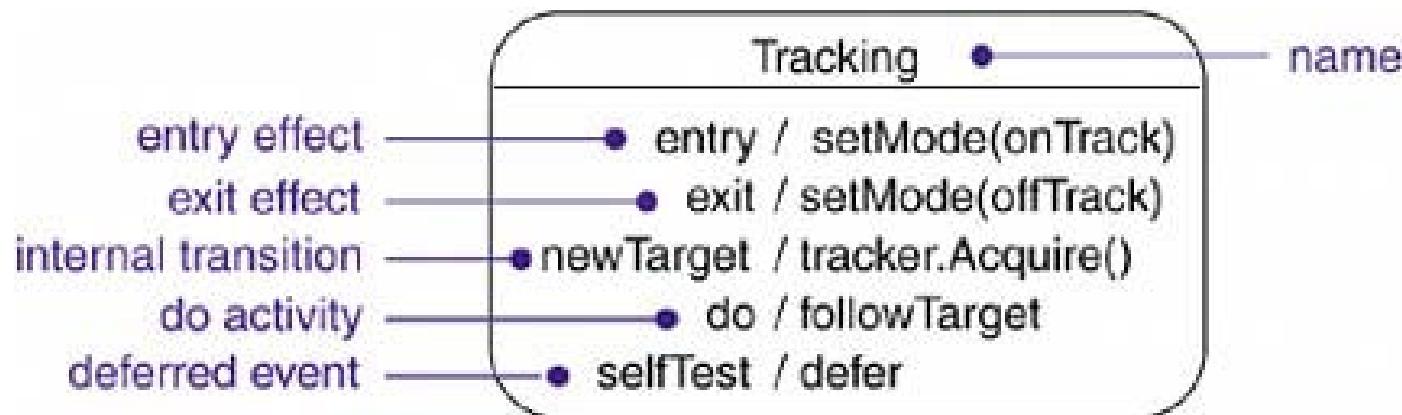
E : événement

C : condition

A : action



État, actions et activités

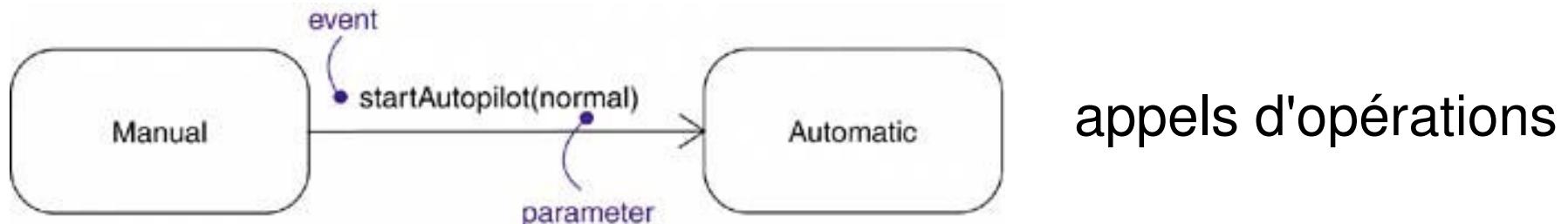


[BRJ2005]

Événements

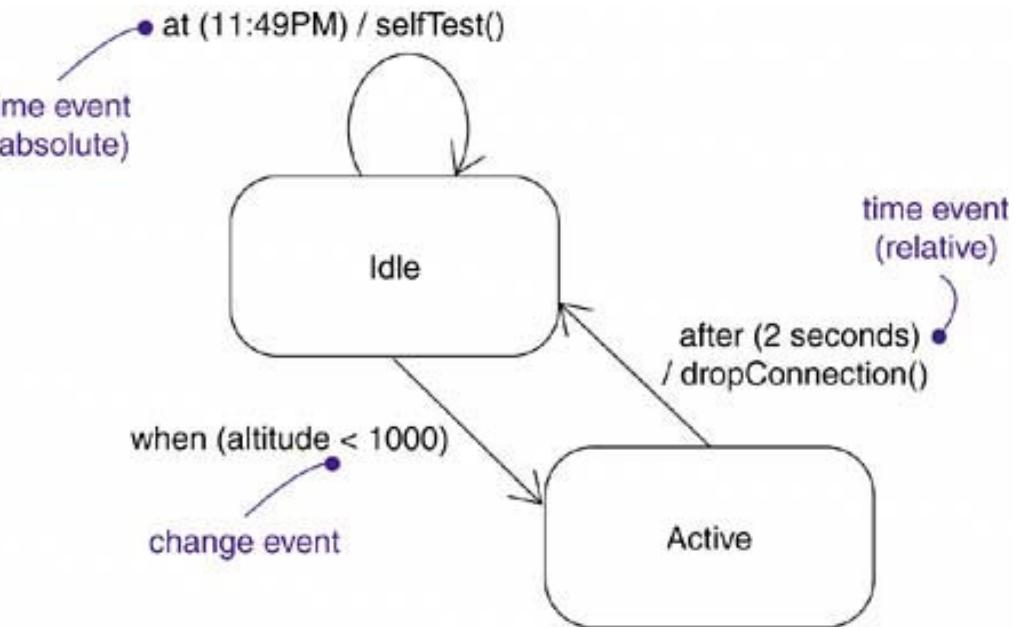
- Une transition est provoquée par un événement (une opération)
- La durée d'une transition est considérée comme nulle donc non interruptible
- 4 catégories d'événements
 - Les appels d'opérations
 - Les signaux (clic de souris, communication, etc.)
 - Les conditions (quand $x > 10$)
 - Les délais (après 5 sec.)

Événements : exemples

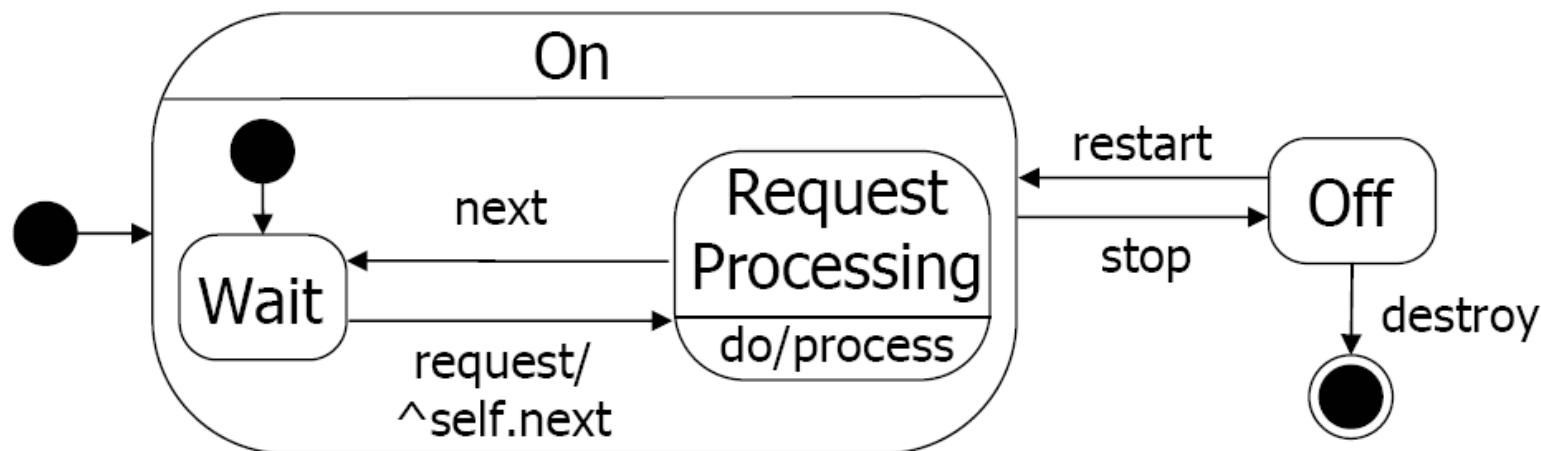


Conditions et délais

[BRJ2005]

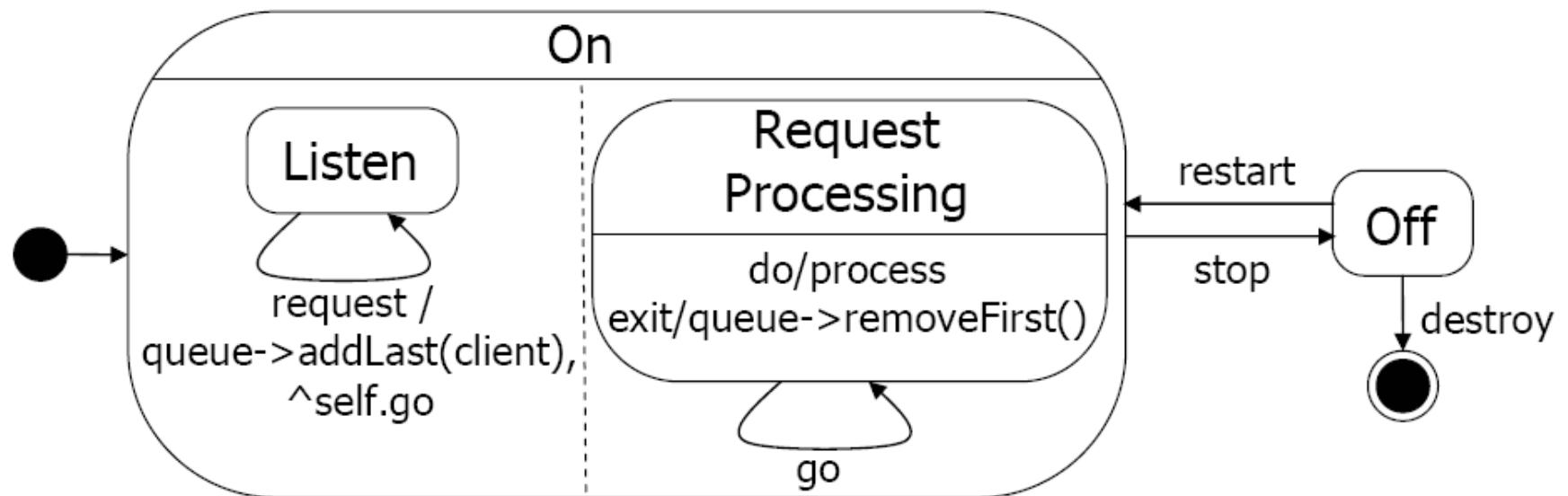


+ depth (hiérarchie)



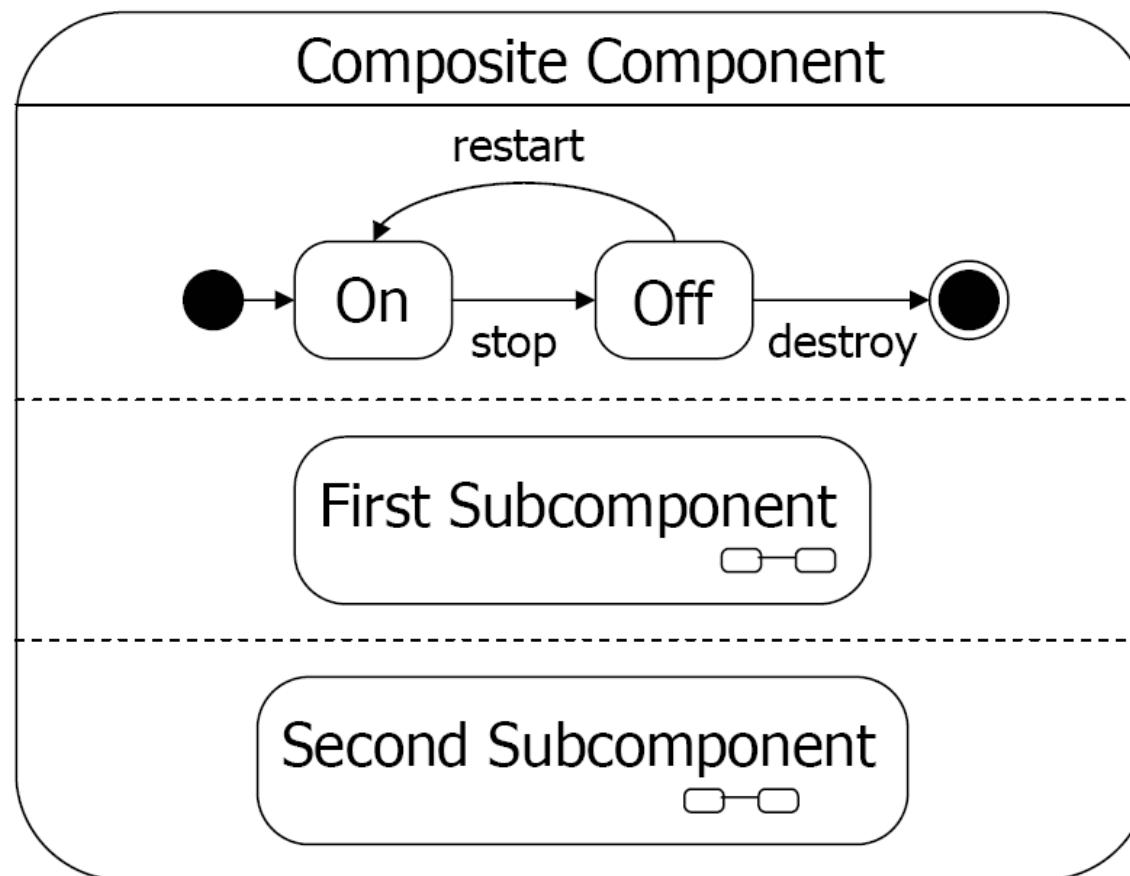
Décomposition en états mutuellement exclusifs (XOR)

+ orthogonality

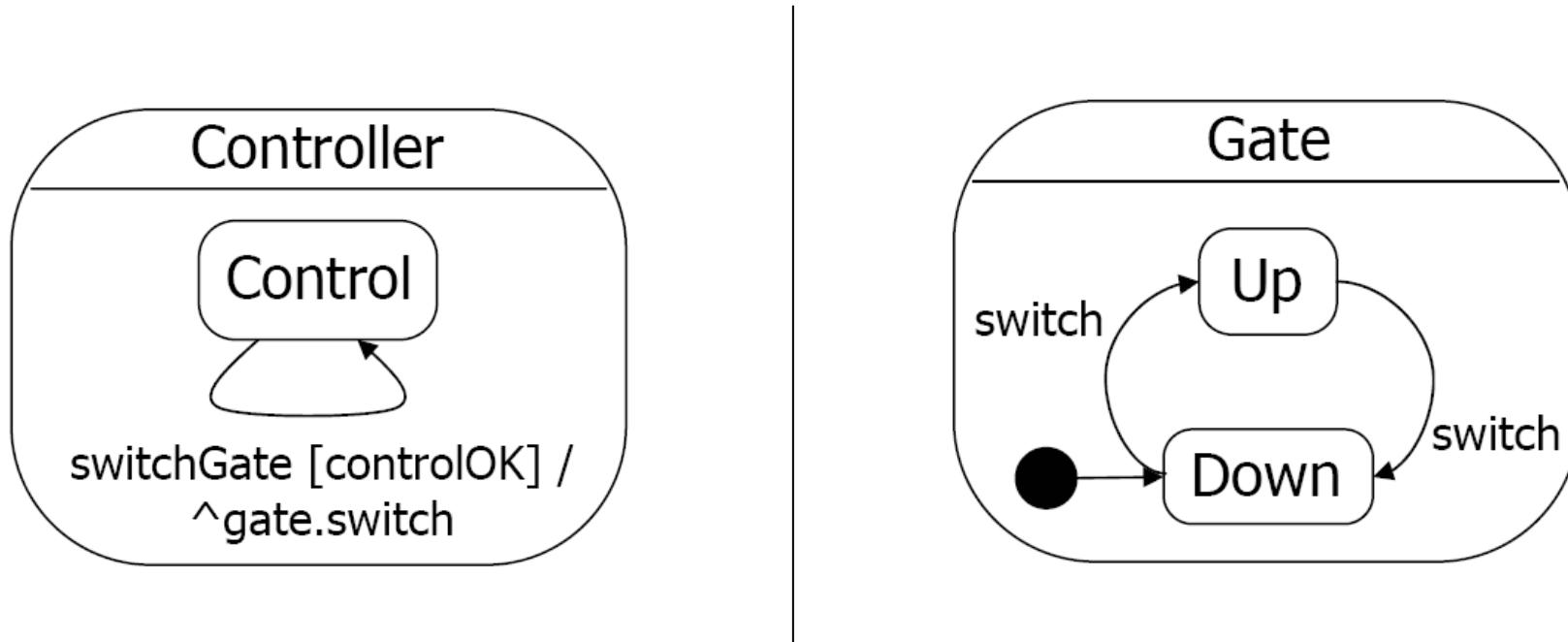


Décomposition en états concurrents (AND)

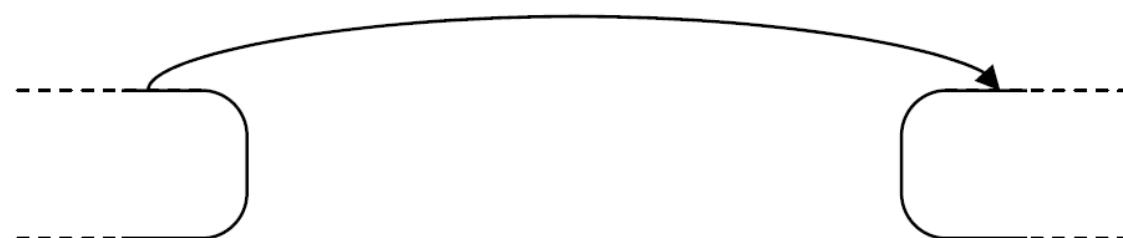
Composition de SM



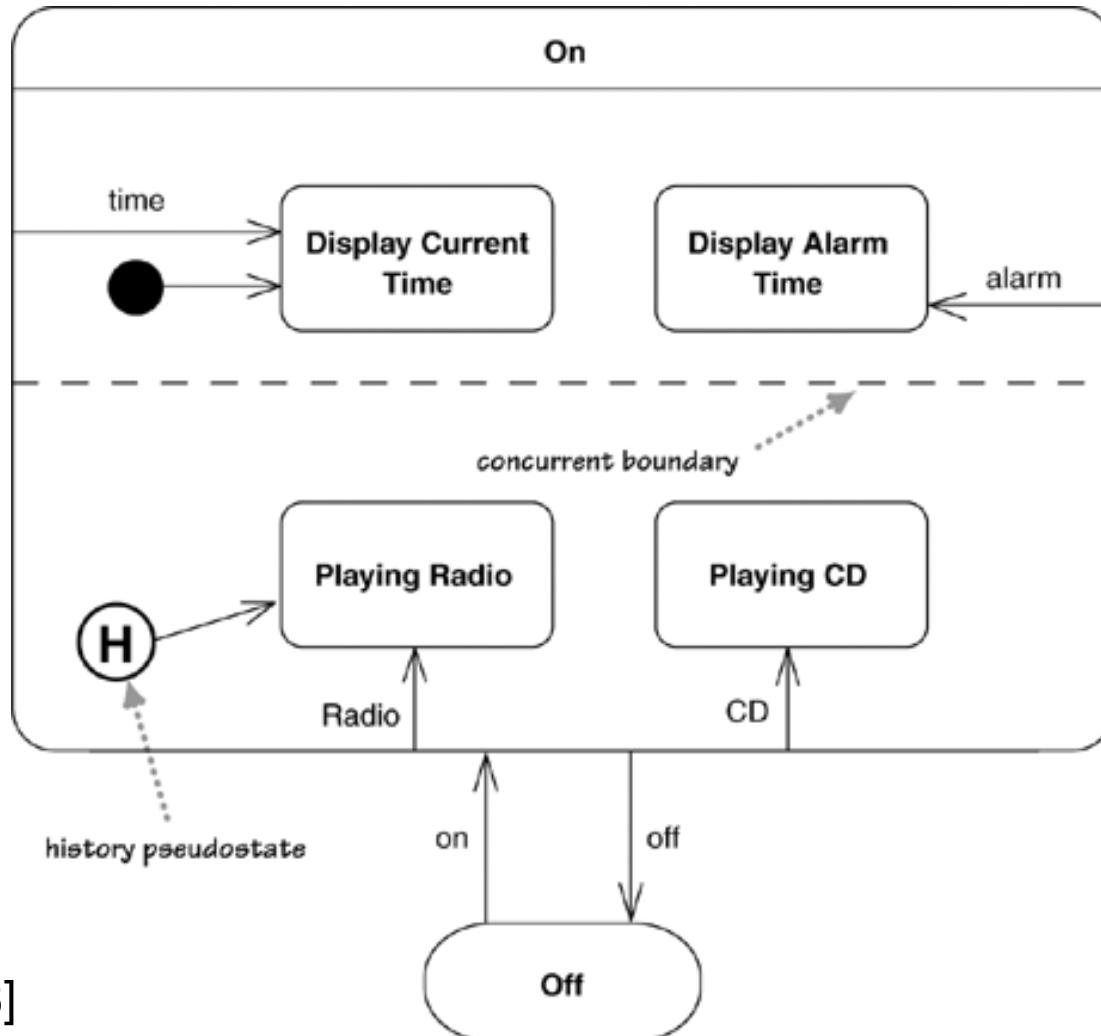
+ broadcast-communication



Event [Condition] / ^receiver.signal

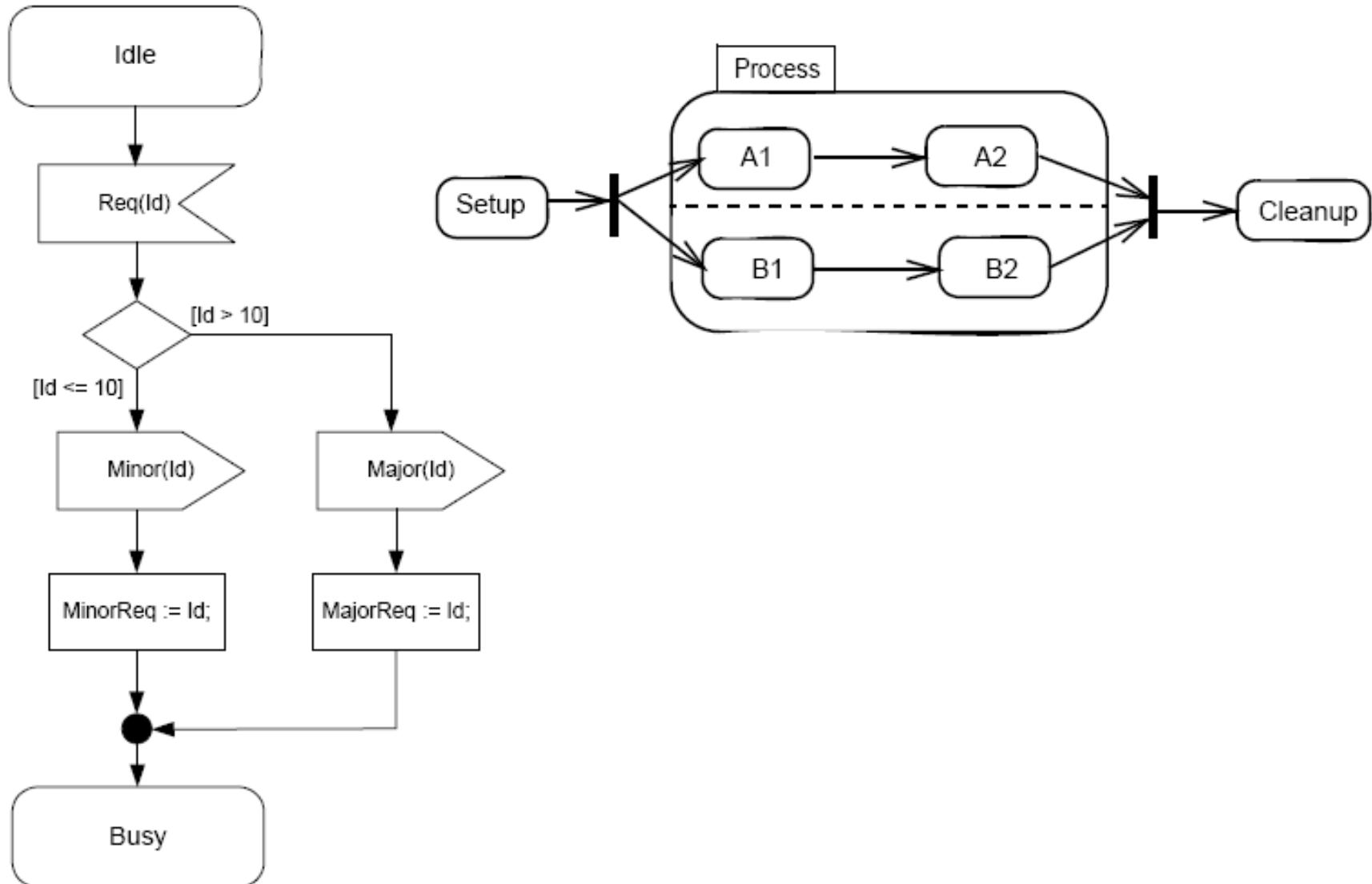


Historique (pseudo-state)

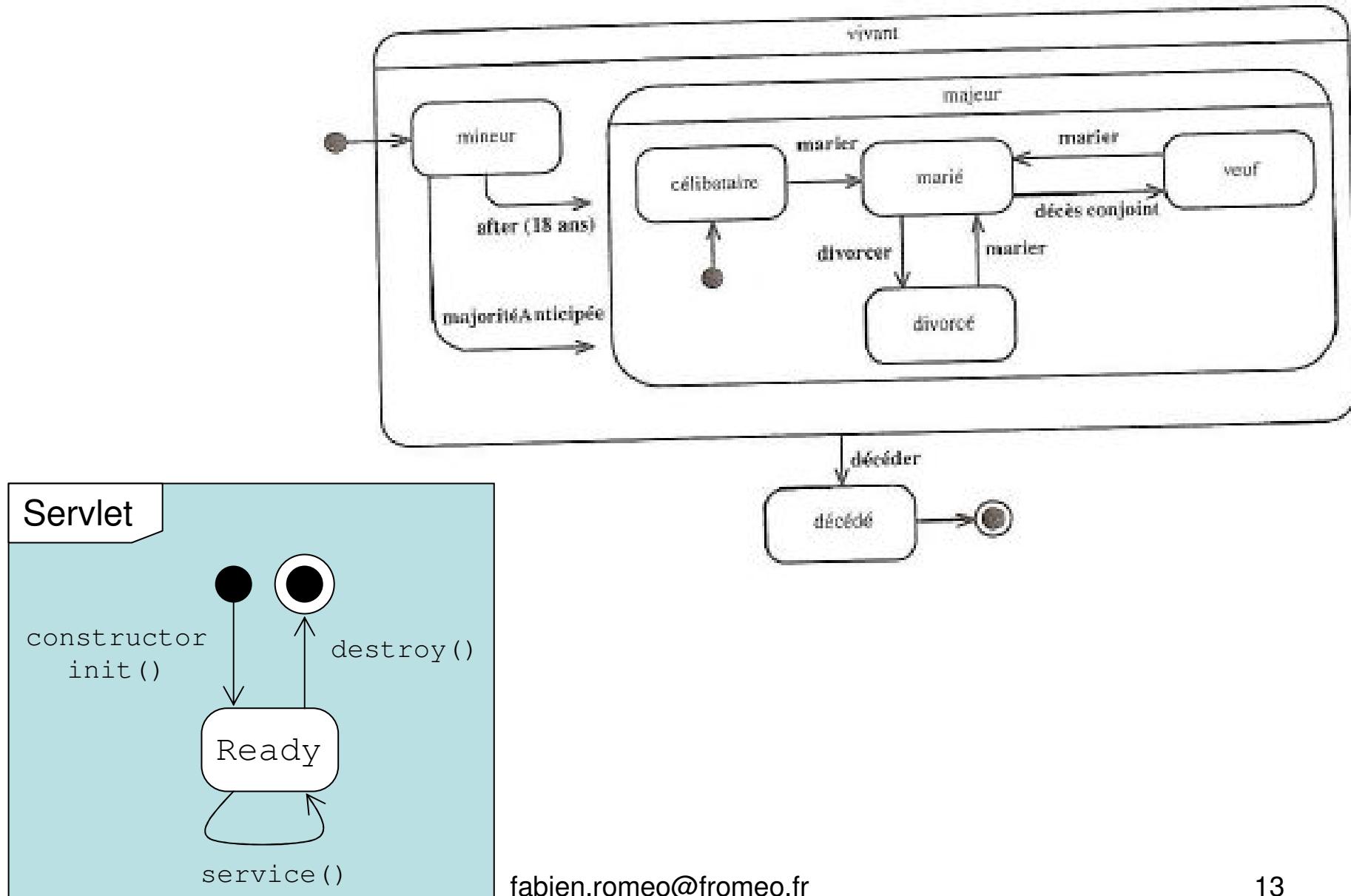


[Fowler2003]

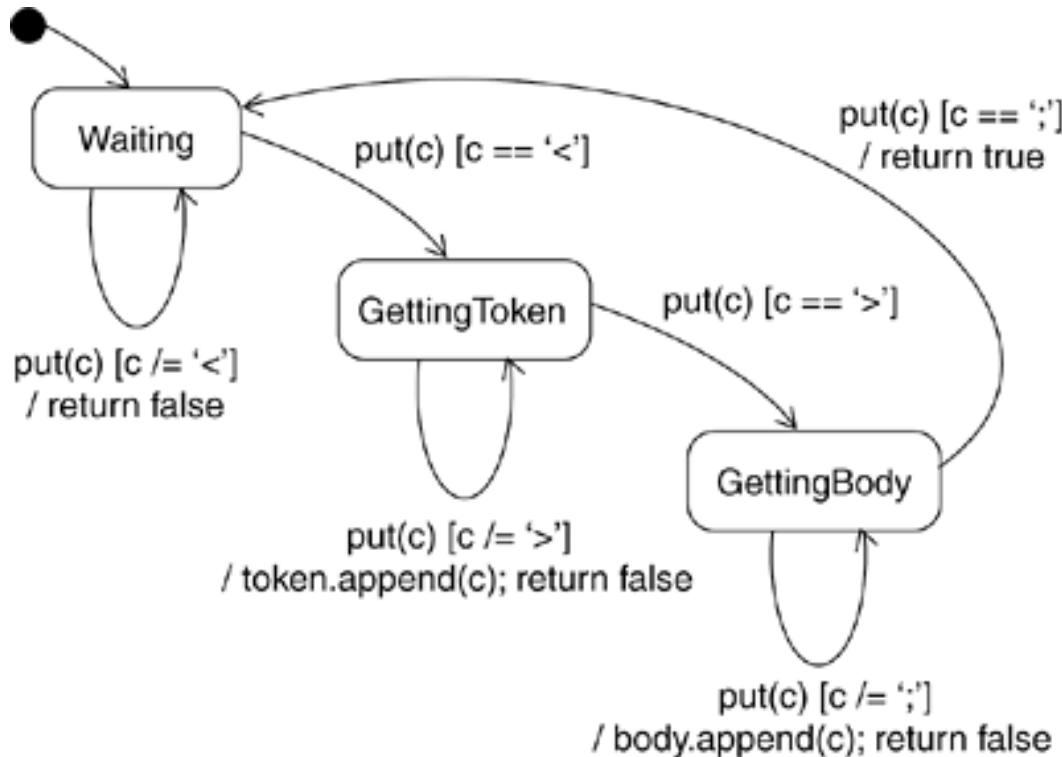
+ activity diagrams... (UML 2)



Modéliser le cycle de vie d'un objet



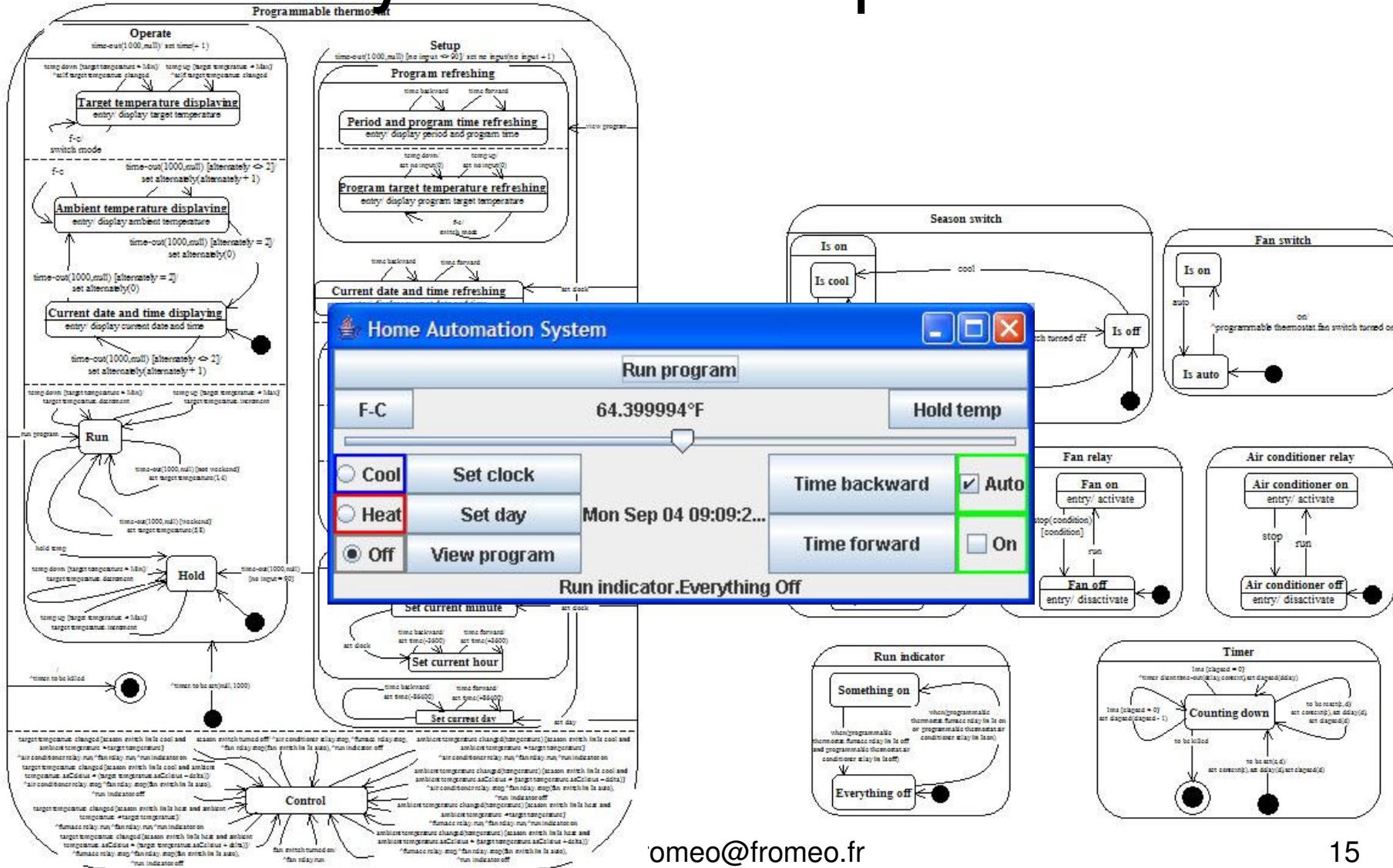
Modéliser des objets réactifs



[BRJ2005]

```
class MessageParser {  
    public  
        public boolean put(char c) {  
            switch (state) {  
                case Waiting:  
                    if (c == '<') {  
                        state = GettingToken;  
                        token = new StringBuffer();  
                        body = new StringBuffer();  
                    }  
                    break;  
                case GettingToken :  
                    if (c == '>') state = GettingBody;  
                    else token.append(c);  
                    break;  
                case GettingBody :  
                    if (c == ';') state = Waiting;  
                    else body.append(c);  
                    return true;  
            }  
            return false;  
        }  
        public StringBuffer getToken() { return token; }  
        public StringBuffer getBody() { return body; }  
  
    private final static int Waiting = 0;  
    private final static int GettingToken = 1;  
    private final static int GettingBody = 2;  
    private int state = Waiting;  
    private StringBuffer token, body;  
}
```

Modéliser le comportement de systèmes complexes



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